Colder.

Oh, of they'd make our dollars Of Injy rubber stuff, Some folks 'ud still be kickin' 'Cause they wouldn't stretch enough.

Light-weight overcoat weather with us again.

We are very well prepared to meet the wants of the men folks with these pleasant feeling, nice looking outer garments. Light-weight Overcoats from the When have the right "hang" and

the proper "set." And the prices? They're light weight, from low to highest.

They're the kind that "rubberize" your dollars and make them stretch. SPAIN A TOOTHLESS WOLF

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TE ARE NOT BOTHERED hunt-

CHAMBERS'S

PATENT GUTTERS send the balls

59 North Pennsylvania Street.

"HANG THE VILLAINS!"

THE EXCITED CROWD SHOUTED.

FOR "BURNS IS PRESIDENT!"

New President of the Window Glass

Friend Run Out of Jeannette.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 27.-Daniel Winter,

tion when President Burns was suddenly

deposed last week, and Hudson Campbell

presiding officer of L. A. 300, were run out

of Jeannette yesterday by a mob of more

than one thousand men and boys. The

officers went to Jeannette to visit the glass-

workers at the Chambers-McKee factory.

The latter are friendly to Burns and as soon

as the officials were recognized work was

stopped. A crowd quickly gathered and the

two men were notified to get out of town

at once. They started for the station, fol-

lowed by a howling mob, blowing horns and

monstrative that Winters and Campbell took

refuge in Burgess Bethunet's office. From

here they were escorted to the railway sta-

tion by the police followed by the mob.

velling "Burns! Burns! Burns is presi-

dent! hang the villains!" The two men

quickly boarded the train and as it pulled

and Winters heard were a sure promise of

SUICIDE OF A. S. SEER.

President of a Theatrical Printing

Company Takes His Own Life.

NEW YORK, Feb. 27.-Alfred S. Seer,

president of the A. S. Seer Theatrical Print-

ing Company, committed suicide to-day by

shooting himself behind the right ear. He

the report of the shot and, after ascertain-

and those connected with the printing com-

pany are very reticent.

A search disclosed three letters in a pocket

of a coat which hung in the clothes closet

One of these letters was addressed to his wife, at the Hotel Bayard, a second to Mr.

Hegeman, the superintendent, and a third to Mr. Muller, the confidential adviser and ex-

ecutor of Mr. Seer's will. None of the three

persons to whom the dead man addressed his last words would disclose the exact

nature of the documents. It was said, how-ever, that in none of the letters did he

tell the reason why he took his life. The letters to Mr. Muller and Mr. Hegeman

contained only directions as to the method of carrying on the business in the future.

No doubt exists in the minds of those who

knew him best that Mr. Seer was laboring

under a mental depression which resulted in a temporary insanity. His business was

in a most prosperous condition and his do-

mestic life was all that could be desired.

He was needlessly worried, however, on account of a trouble he had recently had with a business partner. For thirty-five years Mr. Seer had conducted the business alone and had been most successful. A year ago,

Mr. Seer gave Tooker \$10,000 for his share

in the concern. Another matter which tended

to worry the old man also, was the health of his wife, who had but lately returned from a visit to Florida, where she had spent

several weeks. His own health was not of

the most robust and his physicians had ordered him to take a long rest, but he

pleaded his inability to leave his business

sert, combined to unsettle his mind, with

Dunlop Must Appeal to Cleveland.

CHICAGO, Feb. 27 .- Judge Grosscup de-

the unfortunate result.

died instantly. The suicide lived at

death if they returned to Jeannette.

The crowd finally became so de-

was appointed president pro tem, of the

all to one place.

ing for the balls when we play

: TABLES

G. M. MCCAMPBELL, A. M.,

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- 10 -

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12:15 am; 9:15 am; 11:45 a. m; 3:35 pin; 7:45 pin; 10:55 For further information call at No. 2 West Washington street, Union Station or No. 134 South Illinois GEO. W. HAYLER, D. P. A. D. G. EDWARDS, G. P. A.

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LAMB, HILL & DYE, Attorneys and Counselers at Law. Have removed their offices to Rooms 507 and 509, In-diana Trust Co. Building.

### BONDS

Newton County, Ind .................6s after the crime was committed and found Anderson, Ind......68 Worth Tp., Boone Co., Ind.......68 Madison County, Ind .................6s reason can be ascertained for the suicide, Indianapolis, 1924 .......48

Campbell, Wild & Co. 205 TRUST BUILDING.

Dunlap's Hats

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27 North Pennsylvania Street. 5 Per Cent.-- Loans-5 Per Cent.

Loans in large sums on business property at 5 per C. S. Warburton, 26 Lombard Building.

### 5 PER CENT. MONEY.

We are prepared to make loans at 5 and Conlin. and from the first regretted the changed order of things. He and Tooker did not get along well and three weeks ago 51/2 per cent. on good business property. JOHN S. SPANN & CO.

SHE MARRIED IN HASTE,

And Now Florence Lillian Wickes Ford Wants a Divorce.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 27.-Florence Lillian Wickes Ford, daughter of George M. Pullfiled a suit in the Circuit Court to-day for a divorce from George Oliver Ford. In her on, Mrs. Ford recites that she married leges that she performed all her duties as his wife until the fellowing February, when Ford deserted her. The petition is devoid of sensational details and confines its allegations to desertion and "conduct callegations to desertion and "conduct callegations to render her condition intolerable."

Clined to change the sentence of Joseph Dunlop, editor of the Dispatch, convicted of sending obscene matter through the mails, and fined \$1,000 and given two years in the penitentiary. The court informed his attorney that an appeal was left to the President.

MR. VEST FLOODS THE SENATE CHAMBER WITH ELOQUENCE,

An Ardent Speech in Favor of This Country's Recognition of the Patriots as Belligerents.

HE SAYS, WHOSE CRUEL TYRANNY HAS LOST HER ALL BUT ONE CUB.

Missouri's Orator Also Apotheosizes Liberty and Predicts Cubaus Will Never Amin Be Subjects.

EXCITEMENT IN THE HOUSE

MR. HITT'S BELLIGERENCY RESO-LUTIONS CAUSE ENTHUSIASM.

Mr. Boutelle Delays Their Passage Because He Thinks They May Involve Us in War with Spain.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27 .- A stirring speech of to-day in the Senate. It came unexpectedly, as Mr. Vest seldom announces his speeches or makes preparations. The Senate nad agreed that the final vote resolution would be taken at 4 o'clock to-Gray, of Delaware, contending as a legal at this time recognize Cuba's independence, This aroused Mr. Vest, first for questions of remonstrance, and then to one of the bursts of eloquence with which he at times electrihes the Senate. He spoke of Spain as the toothless old wolf, who had lost, one by one, all her litter and was still clinging to this single remaining cub. He pictured Spain as the impotent Giant Despair in the Pilgrims' Progress, gazing on defeat. In impassioned words he made an apotheosis to liberty of rare beauty and fervor, adding, with ringing emphasis, that the Cuban patriots would never, never, never again become the unwilling subjects of Spain. At the close of the speech Mr. Gray, of Delaware, who opposed Mr. Vest, said that if eloquence could achieve of the Missouri Senator would set her free. several resolutions, the only doubt being whether it shall relate to independence or

belligerency, and as to the extent of it. Mr. Morgan asked unanimous consent that a ments be taken at 4 o'clock to-morrow. This led to considerable discussion, but the agreement was finally reached for a vote at that hour. Mr. Sherman stated that he would speak to-morrow, and Mr. Morgan readily assented that Mr. Sherman, as chairman of the committee on foreign relations, should close the debate.

Mr. White thereupon resumed his speech on the Cuban resolutions. The Senator laid down the principles that the United States could not recognize the independence of an insurgent government until the vital disturbance is closed and actual independence is an

SPAIN'S CONDITION DESPERATE. Mr. Vest disagreed with this proposition. Was it not for Congress to determine the question of fact as to whether the uprising less to suppress ft? Is not, asked Mr. Vest, the condition of Spain to-day desperate?

Mr. White answered that this was open to doubt. He sincerely hoped the Cubans would win their cause, but, with Spanish power encircling the island, with Spain holding every port in Cuba, with the insurgents unrecognized anywhere abroad, he could not conclude that indépendence had been accom-

Mr. Vest pointed out, however, that the proposed action is mere sympathy, let us drop this question, for mere sympathy is a miserable farce from beginning to end." Mr. White closed with the statement that, while he hoped to see Cuba free, yet the United States could not now declare that Cuba was free and independent without belying established facts.

At this point Mr. Vest came forward with a characteristic speech. His words came with such fire and with such beauty of diction that the Senate chamber was quickly crowd-ed to hear him. Where would the United States be to-day, asked Mr. Vest, if the pol-lcy urged by the California Senator had been followed? Instead of assembling here as a Congress, this would be another British col-France recognized the independence of the United States, and sent her armies and fleets, and placed on us a debt of undying grati-In ringing tones Mr. Vest declared that if we, as the great republic of the world, proposed to stand by these people in their struggle akin to our own, then we must help them in their time of need. And if this aid was not given by sending our fleets and our armies-for no one expected that-then, at least, it should be by stating to the world

to be true-that Spain could never again esdish her dominion over that island SHE WOLF WITH A SINGLE CUB. Mr. Vest drew a vivid picture of Spain's bloody rule over the old Spanish-American dependencies. "Of all those vast dominions won by blood," he added, "won through torture and fire, there remains to-day, to this toothless old wolf, the simple island of Cuba. And Spain to-day, like the Giant Despair in that wonderful picture of Bunyan, almost helpiess, sits at the door of the dark cave of despotism and grins with impatient rage at the procession of splendid republics that march on in the progress towards civilization and liberty. That wolf can never retain that single cub. Never can Spain hold the island of Cuba after she has been unable to hold one foot of soil south of us

however, he took into partnership Joseph H. Tooker, jr., son of Commodore Joseph H. Tooker, a relative of Chief of Police in all the wide area of the southern half of this continent. Mr. Gray interrupted to ask if, as a matter of existing fact, Cuba had now established a condition of existence. With another burst of eloquence Mr. Vest responded that it was not for us to determine that the Cubans had completely estabished themselves. The question for us to determine was, can Spain re-establish her power and dominion over Cuba? The Cu-bans demonstrated to-day that they had the power to resist Spain. A year ago their ising was a mere emeute. Now every for any length of time and refused to go away. All of these things, his friends asis a patriot. They have abandoned omes and families for the cause of free-Spain may exterminate them. said Mr. Vest, with impassioned tones "Spain will never, never, never again make them the unwilling subjects of her power." The Senator spoke with contempt of the statements that the Cubans were negroes and mulatioes. So much the more should hey have our sympathy, said he. "Liberty," he added, "lives with the poor and oppressed, not with the wealthy and powerful. obs in the breast of the caged bird

and has gone with martyrs to the stake

and kissed their burning lips as the spirit winged its fight to God. Liberty cannot be extinguished when a people are unanimous in defense of their rights which God has given them." An expression of sympathy was a farce, continued the Senator. He denied and repudiated the doctrine that every vestige of Spanish power must disappear from the islands before we could recognize Cuba as independent. Were we, a God-fearing people, to stand dumbly by while this bloody Spanish general drove these people into a pen and slaughtered them?

VEST'S PERORATION. Mr. Vest closed as follows: "Shall we, the great exemplar of republican institutions throughout the world, declare that in our opinion the people of Cuba are able to maintain their independence and have achieved it? Are we to wait until that island is desolated by fire and sword? Are we, a Christian and God-fearing people, to stand silent and dumb while the Spanish governor, called a general, declares that he intends to pen up the people of Cuba and butcher them into subjugation to the Spanish throne? Sir, if we do it, God will curse us. If we do this thing and stand here until a desert has been made of that splendid island you may be certain that the time will come when there will be retribution on us as a people because we have not been true to the task assigned us by Providence, because we have not cherished the legacy of self-government as bequeathed to us by

Mr. Gray responded briefly. He said that if eloquence could free Cuba then the burning words just uttered would set her free, but he looked at the question from a dispassionate standpoint, and he could not see how Cuba had established an actual state of independence warranting a recognition of such state by the United States.

Mr. Vest-Was not our condition more desperate when France recognized us? Mr. Gray-Yes, but France sent her fleet and her armies and made war against the country oppressing us. Mr. Vest pointed out that Holland and Belgium had recognized the independence

of the United States without sending fleets and army, and had acted long before British dominion had entirely disappeared from this country. In war, as in politics, said Mr. Vest, the expression of the belief of the times brought about the realization of the belief expressed.

Mr. Gray argued, as a legal proposition, that the United States could not yet recog-nize the Cubans as independent. At 4 o'clock Mr. Sherman suggested that the debate go over until to-morrow, and an adjournment accordingly was taken.

There is a probability that before the vote is taken in the Senate on the Cuban reso-lution, it will be amended by adding the minority resolution reported by Senator Cameron requesting the President of the inited States to use his good offices with pain to secure a recognition of Cuban adependence. A majority of the commit tee, including Senator Sherman, are believed to be favorable to this proposition. Senator Morgan, however, will oppose it on the ground that the two propositions are in-

### HOUSE RESOLUTIONS. Reading Interrupted with

Rounds of Applause. WASHINGTON, Feb. 27 .- Strong resolu tions prepared by the foreign affairs combelligerents were presented to the House to-day amid a scene of great enthusiasm

"Resolved, by the House of Representatives (The Senate concurring). That, in the opinion of Congress, a state of public war exists in Cuba, the parties to which are enitled to belligerent rights, and the United tates should observe a strict neutrality between the belligerents. Resolved, That Congress deplores the destruction of life and property caused by the war waged in that island, and, believing

that the only permanent solution of the con-test, equally in the interest of Spain, the eople of Cuba and other nations, would be n the establishment of a government by the choice of the people of Cuba, it is t sense of Congress that the government the United States should use its good offices and friendly influence to that end.
"Resolved, That the U.m.ed States has not ntervened in struggles between any Eupean governments and their colonies this continent, but, from the very close re-lation between the people of the United States and those of Juba, in consequence of its proximity and the extent of the commerce between the two peoples, the present war is entailing such losses upon the people of the United States that Congress is of opinion that the government of the United States should be prepared to protect egitimate interests of Americans by inter-

"Resolved, That Congress pledges its suport to the President in carrying out the Several times luring their reading the Clerk was interrupted with rounds of ringing applause from the floor and the galleries, and the reference to "intervention, if necessary," was greeted with cheers. had not gone so far that Spain was power- | zer jumped to his feet and asked, in view

On the conclusion of the reading Mr. Sulof the great public interest in the question raised by the resolution, that they be made a special order for Tuesday next. Mr. Meredith suggested ..... they

passed immediately, a suggestion that was approved with more cheers. Mr. Hitt, however, intervened, and said that the committee had instructed him to press the resolutions at the earliest possible moment. Thereupon the excitement subsided and the debate on the contested elec-Cubans, without ships, without arms, except | tion case (reported elsewhere) was resumed. those manufactured by themselves, main- It was after this case had been decided out for Pittsburg the last words Campbell tained a rebellion for ten years. If this has that Mr. Hitt again arose to call up the been the case, why cannot the insurgents Cuban resolutions. So many gentlemen, again maintain a warfare until Spain was said he, had asked him to lay the proposi- in my possession. The law states plainly forced to yield. Mr. Vest added: "If this tion before the House that, in obedience to that on receipt of such a demand I take their request and the instructions of the sideration. A scene of enthusiasm that put the House into a perfect furore greeted the request. "I do not wish to make a speech on these resolutions," continued Mr. Hitt. They are brief and present a plain, simple proposition on a question with which every one in America is familiar." Amid cries of "Vote! vote!" Mr. Bailey

said he would make no objection to voting on the resolutions separately, but he was opposed to the last resolution which pledged the support of Congress in advance to anything the executive might do. Mr. Hitt was saying that he thought there would be no objection to striking out that resolution and Mr. Turner was on the floor asking if unanimous consent was required. when Mr. Boutelle sprang to his feet fairly bristling with pugnacity. In a voice that arrested the instant attention of the House he said: "I understand these resolutions accord belligerent rights to the Cuban insurgents, an action that might involve the United States in a war with Spain. "That's what we want," crisd several

continued Mr. Boutelle, impetucusly, "I object to their passage without a word of explanation. Mr. Hitt tried to dissuade Mr. Boutelle, but the latter was obdurate. "Why," said Mr. Boutelle, "it is already 5 o'clock and I consider this proposition to take up resolutions of such momentous gravity in this way an amazing one. want the reasons: I want to see whether the reasons appeal to my judgment as an American citizen, as a member of Congress and as a patriot. I object to the present consideration of a resolution of that grav-These latter words were delivered

great emphasis. Hitt was evidently greatly chagrined. He had prepared the request, he said, in deference to what he thought was the unanimous wish of all. Meantime other members were continuing their appeals to Mr. Boutelle, until that gentleman turned savagely on them and declared that he did not propose to vote at a moment's notice to involve his country in war with a country with which we were at peace. The House then at 5:15 o'clock adjourned. DEBATE IN COMMITTEE.

The resolutions presented to the House to-day were adopted by the committee on foreign affairs this morning after two hours of warm debate. All but two members of the committee who were present voted for them. The yeas were Hitt, chairman Smith of Michigan, Cousins of Iowa, Heatwole of Minnesota, Quigg of New York, Pearson of North Carolina, Adams of Pennsylvania, Republicans; Newlands (silverite) of Nevada, and Dinsmore of Arkansas and McCreary of Kentucky, Democrats. The nays were Draper of Massachusetts. Republican, and Tucker, Democrat, of Virginia. The absentees were Taft, of Ohio. Republican, and Price, of Louisiana, Democrat. The resolutions, except the fo (Continued on Third Page.)

CINCINNATI POLICEMEN TRUCKED BY MEDICAL STUDENTS.

Head of a Woman Resembling Penri Bryan's Taken from a Dissecting Room and Thrown on a Dump.

PRISONERS STILL IN OHIO

HEARING OF THE EXTRADITION CASE POSTPONED TILL SATURDAY.

Then, It Is Thought, Jackson and Walling Will Be Surrendered to the Kentucky Authorities.

WILL WOOD OUT OF PRISON

HE WILL NOT RETURN TO HIS HOW AT GREENCASTLE,

Where, It Is Said, He Fears Violence but Will Live at West Lebanon-Crowds Disappointed.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 27.-The excitement attending the proposed extradition to-day of Scott Jackson and Alonzo Walling to Kentucky on the charge of murdering Pearl Bryan, Jan. 31, gave rise to various sensational rumors. The most startling one was been found in a dump on Walnut Hills. The m. to-day. It was carefully examined, and the skull and teeth were reported to bear sirlking resemblance to the head of Pearl Bryan. The most reliable information to night is that the head is not that of the victim of the Fort Thomas tragedy, but any of them. that some students from the medical college took the head of a woman from the dissect-

ing room and worked a ruse on the officers There are no crowds around the jail tonight, and the crowds now seem satisfied that the prisoners will not be transferred when there is any assemblage in sight. The transfer will be made after a hearing on Saturday, when none but the sheriffs and attending officers know of it. The prisoners will not be taken to Newport, Ky., but to the strong jall in Covington.

Although William Wood, the third prisoner, got out early to-day on ball, he l still in the city watching developments. He where his life is threatened, but remain quietly with his uncle at West Lebanon

### HEARING POSTPONED.

Extradition Case Will Come Up To Morrow-Prisoners Not Taken Out. CINCINNATI, Feb. 27 .- At an early hour Plummer had at last served official notice on Sheriff Archibald for the transfer of Jackson and Walling to Kentucky. Trese demands were really filed with the sheriff of Hamilton county last Saturday, but, as learned this morning, with the strict understanding that Sheriff Archibald would take no action in the matter of the extradition until to-day. Sheriff Archibald, Sheriff Plummer and Judge Gregg, at a conference Wednesday, decided that it would be best Police Court, as first arranged, as their the blue and the gray in New York. He trip to the City Hall court would be absolutely useless, and jailer Kushman was therefore notified late Wednesday night that the prisoners would rot make the trip. Sheriff Plummer met Sheriff Archibald at

the latter's office this morning and, after some little discussion as to the best course to take, it was decided to simply have a conference with Judge Buchwalter, of the Court of Common Pleas, and have a date set for the hearing of the extradition cases. The prisoners were not taken from the jail and the conference with Judge Buchwalter was informal. "The programme to-day is simply this," said Sheriff Archibald; "to tion cases. Although the formal demand for the prisoner's was made Washington's birthday, it was virtually made this morning, for I took the papers Saturday, giving the prisoners forthwith before a judge of the Court of Common Pleas. We do not intend to push the case and insist on the case being heard now without giving the atmeet their cases. We, of course, want the going to give everyone fair play. The prisoners will not leave the jail to-day. I don't like the idea of them doing so when is not necessary."

At 10 o'clock Sheriff Archibald and Sheriff Plummer went to Judge Buchwalter's consultation room with Jackson's and Walling's attorneys, Messrs. Andrews and Snephard, of Hamilton, and Judge Ermston, of this city. There was a long wrangle about the setting of the date. Although Sheriff Plummer wanted and was anxious to give propose to have the proceedings drag along any length of time. The prisoners' attorneys wanted a fortnight at least, but Sheriff nmer would not consent to this. Sheriff Archibald then withdrew from the conference, and after some further discussion it was finally decided to have the case come up before Judge Buchwalter Saturday morning. The attorneys for the prisoners judge could decide the proper length of time of continuance. This was finally agreed to and Sheriff Plummer, after inorming Sheriff Archibald of the outcome of conference, left for Newport, This erded all legal proceeding for to-day.

It was learned to-day that the conference between the prisoners' attorneys and Sheriff

Plummer was of a spicy nature. They could come to no decision about the date and Sheriff Plummer, becoming exasperated, peremptorily set the date for Saturday, and the attorneys could do nothing but agree under protest. "I see I'll have to fight for these prisoners," said Sheriff Plummer.hotly, as he left the room. "I will make my formal de-mand Saturday, and Judge Buchwalter can decide about the continuance." It is now to be a hard fight on the part of Jackson's and Walling's attorneys to keep them on this When the names Jackson and Walling

were called Prosecutor Nippert explained to Judge Gregg that by an agreement with Sheriff Plummer the presence of the prisoners had been waived so that they might be taken before the Common Pleas Court. Judge Gregg ordered the cases set for Feb. 29. It btful whether the prisoners will ever appear again in Police Court, as the requisi-tion papers supersede Judge Gregg's jurisdiction, and any proceeding in his court would be a waste of time.

A disappointed crowd left the Police Court after waiting two hours to get a glimpse of Jackson and Walling. As early as 8 o'clock crowds began to gather on the sidewalks along the route from the jail to Central station. The City Hall corrilors were packed with men, who congested around the Police Court room door and

of the building, and refused to leave. After waiting up to 10 o'clock they finally got tired and left.

Ex-Legislator Graft.

WOOD RELEASED. His Bond Signed by David Davis and

CINCINNATI, Feb. 27.-A few minutes before the Police Court clerk's office closed at noon ex-legislator James J. Graft, of Harrison, O., and attorney David Davis, of this city, walked in and offered bonds for Will Wood's release. Both men qualified as the owners of ample real estate to make the surety legal, and then signed the bond made out by Deputy Clerk Hanover. Each becomes liable for the full amount of the bond. Wood was released a few minutes later. Court officer Burke took the bond to jail as soon as it was signed to get Wood's

signature.

William Wood, his overcoat on one arm and his valise in the other hand, with a broad smile on his face, walked out of jail at ten minutes to 12 o'clock. Guard Mitchell walked to the young prisoner's cell and informed him that his father was waiting to see him in the jail office. Wood walked down the iron stairway and met attorney David Davis at the jail door. "Go bar David Davis at the jail door. "Go bar and get your coat and vallee," said "Davis. Wood knew what this meant, and taking two steps at a time, he flew back to his cell in less time than it takes to tell it and was back in the office.

The bond of \$3,000 was signed by attorney David Davis and James A. Graft. The third name to be added to make the release com-plete was that of young Wood himself, and he lost no time in signing the bond, and in a few seconds was hustled out on Sycamore street, where a cab was in waiting. Rev. Wood was not in the jail.

A reporter was in Wood's cell when the news came of his release from prison. "My, but this is a beautiful day. I tell you I would like to get but," said he just as guard Mitchell opened the cell door that meant freedom after many long days of imprisonment. Wood will not go to Greencastle. He will remain in this city probably Thursday, and then go out to West Lebanon, Ind., where he will quietly remain until his case is called in April.

A Doubtful Story.

HUNTINGTON, W. Va., Feb. 27.-Attorney T. H. Clay, of Wayne county, who has a member and a member became an ex-membeen retained by Scott Jackson to assist the | ber. Such was the result of the three days' defense in his trial, stated here to-day that | debate in the House on the Van Horn-Tars-Pearl Bryan was still alive and that he ney contested election case. had three women in Cincinnati who, when entire mystery surrounding the murder. He gave the name of Mrs. Archer, 21 Shillito place as being one of them.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 27.-The directory at Shillito place or elsewhere. Mr. Clay has made several such statements recently, and the officers have been unable to confirm

WANT MORE LIBERAL LAWS. Sunday "Openers" Present a Monster Petition to New York Legislature.

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 27 .- A petition containing the names of 115,000 citizens of New York city was wheeled into the Senate chamber this afternoon on an oak carriage trimmed with silver, at the hearing of the liberal Sunday opening laws for New York, Brooklyn and Buffalo. The petition asks for the enactment of a law referring to the voters of the cities of the first class at the spring election of 1896 the question whether the sale of beverages, milk and food shall be permitted on Sundays under proper re-strictions, to be fixed by statute. John B Penner, chairman of the German American Citizens' Union, presented the petition Rev. Dr. Rainsford, rector of St. George's Church, of New York city, spoke in favor of allowing a vote to be taken, saying it would result in a distinct moral advance for the people. Carl Schurz, Gustav Schwab, Ferdinand Levy, James Speyer and this morning it became evident that Sheriff Judge Jeroloman also advocated the passage of the law.

OPPOSED BY WALKER.

posed Reunion of Blue and Gray. WILMINGTON, Del., Feb. 27.-National Commander Walker, who attended the session of the Grand Army of the Republic at Newark, this State, to-day, freely expressed himself on the proposed meeting of

"There is not a loyal Union soldier who would approve of such a thing. Loyalty deserves its reward, and treason and reachery should always be punished. There is a broad distinction between Union diers and Confederates, and so long as am at the head of the G. A. R. this dis organization is concerned. I would not for a minute favor any suggestion that would offer to place Union and Confederate soldiers side by side in parade, wearing blue and gray uniforms, even though they both marched under the flag of the United

BOY TRAIN WRECKER DEAD. Frederick Bristol Dies of Consumption in the Rome Jail.

ROME, N. Y., Feb. 27.-Frederick Bristol, Central, Nov. 19, died in the jaller's residence adjoining the jail at Utica, to-day Yesterday the grand jury reported two in tments against him, as well as against his three companions, charging murder in the first degree, engineer Hager and Robert Bond having been killed in the wreck. For some time past it has been known the Bristol has been suffering from consum tion, and yesterday it was reported that he was dying. His father, however, did not be lieve that the end was near, for he cont ued his efforts to secure the amount of bail necessary for his release. The boy was nineteen years of age, and he was the only one of the quartet who did not make a con-fession of guilt to the district attorney.

### WHAT WILL BRITAIN DO? Venezuela Has Paid No Heed to th

Indemnity Ultimatum. LONDON, Feb. 27.-United States Embas sador Bayard paid a hurried visit to th Foreign Office this afternoon. It is understood that his call was connected with the Venezuelan situation. The time allowed by the British government for Venezuela to ident and Vice President, how far will Mr. comply with its demands for the payment of Carter's attitude affect the prospects of the small indemnity for the arrest of British Republican party? It is not to be expected Inspector Barnes expired at midnight.

Venezuelan Decuments Nearty Ready. Jones of Nevada and Teller of Colorado WASHINGTON, Feb. 27 .- Senor Andrade, the Venezuelan Minister here, has received plank of the Republican party, as it appears for the use of the American commis making rapid progress with its work, and expects to be able to forward the matter The British case is expected to reach here before the Venezuelan side. It has been submitted to Parliament in the form of a both Senators are so completely masters of dummy, which will be replaced in the course of the next few days by the full papers in the case.

Creamery Butter Makers.

ssion of the Butter Makers the committee stitution reported, and their report adopted. The changes are radical ones. The platform being assured, it is reasonable to of the association is changed to the National Creamery Butter Makers' Associapure butter, and that members of the assoclation are not under any circumstances to receive into the organization any one who is connected with the manufacture or of oleomargarine or butterine, and are to rein the manufacture or sale of such products. The election of officers resulted as follows: President, J. W. Segar; vice president-at-large, E. D. White; secretary, E. Sudendorf,

Buried in a Tunnel.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 27 .- As a train on the Ferries & Cliff House railway was on its way to the beach to-day a tunnel near the ocean terminus caved in. No one was kept officers Davis and Walters busy keeping them back. They were told the prisoners would not be arraigned, but thought a ruse was being resorted to to get them out passable all day. seriously injured, although two coaches were buried in the debris. Several passengers were bruised and the road was im

DEPRIVED OF A SEAT IN THE HOUSE BY A VOTE OF 164 TO 112.

Mr. Van Horn, the Republican Contestant, Declared Entitled to the Vacancy and Sworn In.

ATTITUDE OF SILVERITES

POSSIBLE POLITICAL EFFECT OF RECENT SPEECHES BY SENATORS.

speculation as to Whether Carter,

BY MR. PROCTOR

eller. Et Al. Can Carry States

Out of the Republican Column,

VIEWS OF THE EX-SECRETARY OF WAR ON COAST DEFENSES.

Infounded Rumors as to Mr. Voorhees and Editor Shanklin Caused by the

Death of a Senate Employe.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27 .- At 5 o'clock this which the Democrat lost his seat and by which it was given to the Republican was 112 to 164, eighteen Republicans joining with the Democrats in opposition to the majority. The exciting incident of the day occurred

just before the House adjourned. The case was called immediately after the House met, and occupied the whole session except a half hour devoted to the Cuban resolutions. The speakers were Mr. Prince, of Illinois, and Mr. Long, of Kansas, in favor of the majority report; Mr. Maguire, of California, in favor of the recommendation of the minority to recommit the case, and Mr. Johnson, of Indiana, chairman of the committee, who closed for the majority. The debate produced considerable partisan feeling. but beyond a particularly sharp passage between Mr. Johnson, of Indiana, and Mr. Taylor, of Ohio, the dissenting Republican member of the committee, there were no features. Mr. Johnson had put a question to Mr. Taylor, and said he would give him five minutes

"The gentleman's action," replied Mr. Taylor, contemptuously, "is characteristic of his method of argument, but when in his mental operations he attempts to place a limit on mine, I repudiate his generosity." (Demo-

"I trust the gentleman will observe," retorted Mr. Johnson, "that the applause he receives does not come from this side of the House." (Republican applause.)

At 4:30 the vote was taken, first on the resolution of the minority of the committee, to recommit the case, with instructions to the committee to open the testimony, purge the fraudulent precincts and recount the honest ballots. The resolution was defeated-112 to 164-and the majority resolution, declaring Mr. Van Horn, the contestant, entitled to his seat, was adopted without division. Mr. Van Horn came forward amid applause and took the oath of office. The following-named Republicans voted with the Democrats on the motion to recommit and reopen the case: Arnold of Pennsylvania, Bishop, Brown, Burton of Ohio, Codding, Dovenor, Fenton, Huling of West Virginia, Hyde, Kulp, Leighty, Parker, Pitney, Powers, Southwick, Taylor,

Wellington and Wright.

Mr. Tarsney will return to Kansas City. He was one of the very few administration men in the House, and it is said that President Cleveland, recognizing that he would be unseated, offered him the Swiss mission when it became vacant recently. Mr. Tarsney, it will be remembered, fought Mr. Cleveland savagely when the President appointed Scott Harrison, a brother of ex-President Harrison, to be surveyor of the port at Kansas City. When Mr. Harrison was rejected by the Senate, Mr. Cleveland made overtures to Mr. Tarsney. He succeeded in producing a change of heart in one of the four Rome boys, train wreckers, the Kansas City member, of which the outward, visible sign was a savage opposition on the part of Mr. Tarsney to the Gorman tariff bill when it came to the House for concurrence, going so far as to become one of the thirteen men who voted against concurrence. Afterward Mr. Cleveland appointed a friend of Mr. Tarsney's to be surveyor the port of Kansas City.

### THE SILVER STATES.

Action of Their Senators and Surmises as to Political Effects.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, Feb. 27 .- Senator Carter has practically taken himself out of the Republican party by the speech he has made, or rather by his answers to the queries of some of his colleagues, who, after tearing him, were yet in the dark as to his true attitude toward the party of which. curiously enough, he stands to-day the official head. The question presents itself, in view of the impending campaign for a President and Vice President, how far will Mr. that at the St. Louis convention Messrs. will be again asked to write the financial they did at Minneapolis in 1892. As a matter of fact, there is scant likelihood that either gentleman will care to be a delegate to the Republican convention. Mr. Teller has been reading himself out of the party every day for the past fortnight, and Sena-Washington by the next mail steamer. | tor Jones could hardly feel among friends the petty States they represent that they have only to give the order to have themselves "elected" delegates, but whether they are present or absent the party will not CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., Feb. 27 .- At to-day's | call on either of them to define its position towards sliver in the next campaign.

A sound-money plank in the Republican infer that Mr. Carter and his associates will not vote the Republican ticket, or, at all events, that the electoral votes of their respective States will not be cast for the Republican candidate. Hence, a consideration of the numerical strength of these States in the electoral college may not be without interest as indicating precisely wast the party loses in the defection of Messrs. Carter and his associates-providing always hat these gentlemen vote as they threat t has been estimated that the party would ose the votes of the following States ! the platform did not promise free coinage; Oregon, 4; Colorado, 4; Utah, 3; Montana, 3; Idaho, 3; Washington, 4; Wyoming, 3; North Dakota, 3; South Dakota, 4; Califora nia, 9; Kansas, 9, a total of 49. But this is surely an exaggeration. The votes of the California Republican Senator, Mr. Perkins and the attitude of the California members of the House have never given sufficient ground for such an extreme assumption.